

## *Interactive comment on* "Modeling of discharges from Baltic Sea shipping" *by* Jukka-Pekka Jalkanen et al.

## Daniel Heydebreck (Referee)

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Received and published: 24 January 2021

The authors provided a well-written manuscript on a tool called STEAM that is able to calculate different streams of pollutants and nutrients from ships into the Baltic Sea. Detailed explanations are given in the Materials and Methods section and data from other studies and own surveys are provided in the supplement. STEAM has been a valuable tool before this update and now produces data that are even more useful. These data are valuable for scientists in different fields. To make STEAM data actually re-usable by other scientists, a detailed description of the model and publication is necessary – which was done by the authors. In addition, the output data have been persistently published with a DOI. Proper metadata is assigned to the published data and the data files comply with the CF Conventions. I consider this important so that

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other scientist actually can re-use these data.

I do not see any major issues or inconsistencies in the manuscript with respect to scientific quality or methodology. There are a few question with respect to the Good Scientific Practice:

- Is the model code freely available?
- Is the model code well documented in the sense that it is re-usable by other scientists?
- Are the emission data available for additional years? If yes, are these data published as well? If not, is it possible to publish the other years? They might be valuable for

My specific comments mainly deal with missing references and figures that are hard to understand by color-blind readers. These comments are provided as comments in the attached pdf copy of the manuscript.

Please also note the supplement to this comment: https://os.copernicus.org/preprints/os-2020-99/os-2020-99-RC2-supplement.pdf

Interactive comment on Ocean Sci. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/os-2020-99, 2020.

https://doi.org/10.5194/os-2020-99 Preprint. Discussion started: 28 October 2020 © Author(s) 2020. CC BY 4.0 License.



## Modeling of discharges from Baltic Sea shipping

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- Abstract. This paper describes the new developments of the Ship Traffic Emission Assessment Model (STEAM) which enable modeling of pollutant discharges to water from ships. These include nutrients from black/grey water discharges as well as from 20 food wates. Further, also the modeling of contaminants in hallast, black, grey and scrubber water, bige discharges and stem tute oil leaks are described, as well as releases of contaminants from antioning paints. Each of the discharges are regulated by different sections of MIO MARPOL coversition and emission patterns of different pollution releases vary significantly. The discharge patterns and total amounts for year 2012 in the Balit: Sea are are reported and open loop SOs scrubbing effluent was conduct be the second largest pollutant stream by volume. The scrubber discharges have increased significantly 25 in recent years and their environmental impacts need to be investigated in detail.

## 1. Introduction

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Ship operations produce waste streams related to propulsion and engine operations, as well as crew and passenger activities (Fig 1). The waste streams related to propulsion and engine operations include bilge water from the machinery spaces, stem table of itom hieraristics of the propelse table, crusher waster from Eshaton Galexiang Systems (EGCS) for rotection of emissions of sulphur oxides into the atmosphere, ballast water from maintaining thip stability, biocides used in antifonding paints to prevent hall growth, cooling water and tank cleaning residuals. Waste streams related to humans on board include food waste, bakes area (rewaye), and water from gallays and showes(grow water), as well as other study water. Operational emissions and discharges from ships are regulated through international conventions, primarily the IMO MARPOL with its 30

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Fig. 1.

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